### CAT BRANCH STREAM/VALLEY RESTORATION, SWM POND RETROFIT, AND OUTFALL RETROFIT

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### **PROJECT BACKGROUND**

- Anne Arundel County Bureau of Watershed Protection and Restoration CIP
- Site identified during 2010 comprehensive assessment of Magothy River Watershed
- Project included:
  - > 1,490 LF of stream restoration
  - > 3.5 acres non-tidal wetland restoration
  - > Upland BMP retrofit (SWM infiltration facility)
  - > Three outfall retrofits (SWM wetland and rock sill)
- > 200 LF of the project was completed in 2018 as part of an emergency repair for an exposed sanitary sewer line

Anne Arundel County Bureau of Watershed Protection & Restoration

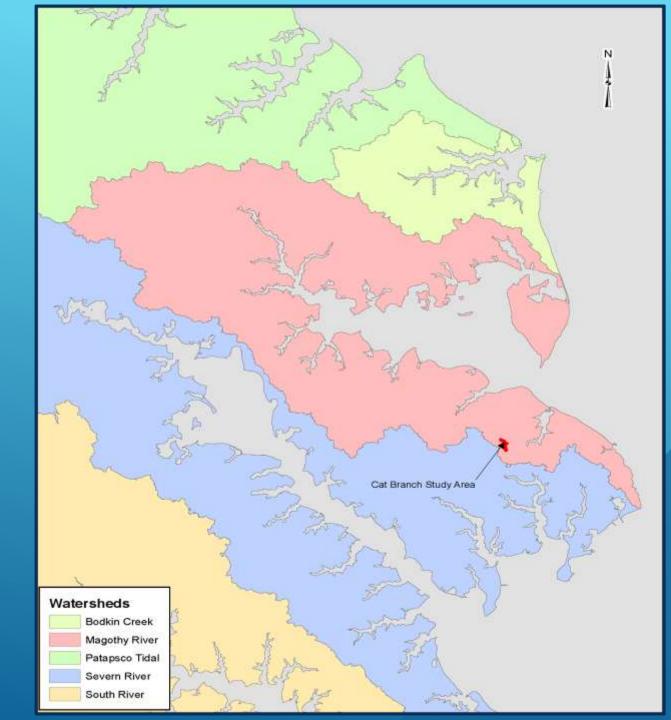
### **PROJECT GOALS**

- Provide stream valley restoration, including the establishment or reconnection with riparian wetlands and optimizing floodplain reconnection volume.
  - Maximize surface-groundwater exchange
  - Promote sediment and nutrient trapping
- Provide design features that promote denitrification during base flow.
- Provide significant reduction in annual mass of sediment and attached nutrients originating from on-site channel degradation (i.e. "Prevented Sediment") and upstream loss being delivered to downstream receiving waters.
- Enhance stream and riparian ecological functions.
- Provide an integrated stabilization approach to storm drain outfalls.
- Document water quality (and/or other) credit towards Anne Arundel County's NPDES MS4 permit watershed restoration requirement, and assist in meeting Anne Arundel County's WLA towards the Chesapeake Bay TMDL.

### **PROJECT LOCATION**

#### **Magothy River Watershed**

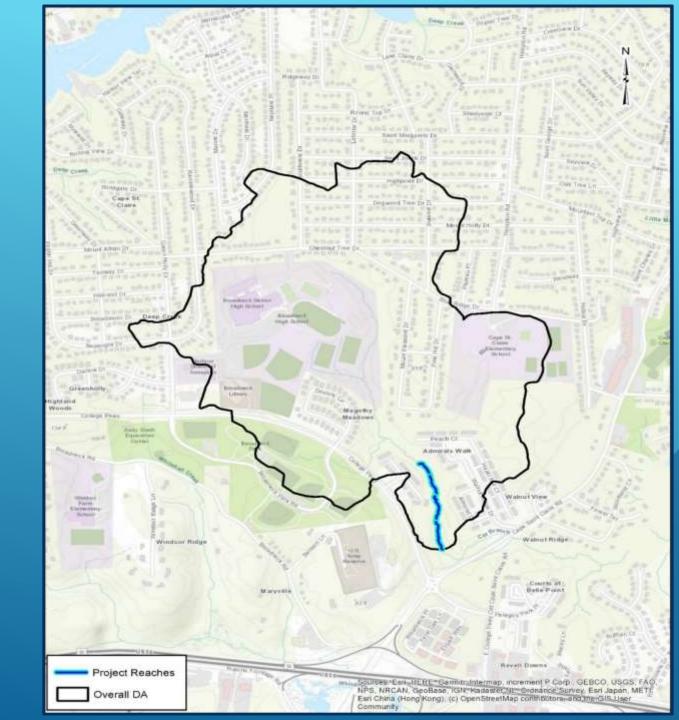
- > 35.6 square miles
- Mix of urban residential, commercial, and forested land use
- Part of the Chesapeake Bay TMDL to address Nitrogen, Phosphorus and Sediment



# **PROJECT LOCATION**

### Cat Branch Sub-Watershed

- > 285 acres/0.4 square miles
- > 24% Impervious Area
- Primarily Medium Density Residential and Institutional Land Use











**EXISTING CONDITIONS – BMP 110** 





EXISTING CONDITIONS – EXPOSED SS AND UPSTREAM HEADCUTS





#### **EXISTING CONDITIONS – PROJECT REACHES**









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# EXISTING CONDITIONS

Bankfull Channel Dimensions at Classification Riffles					
Bankfull Channel Dimension Parameter	R-1	R-2	R-3	R-4	
Drainage Area (mi²)	0.41	0.41	0.44	0.44	
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	16.3	16.3	17.3	17.3	
Cross Sectional Area (A <sub>bkf</sub> ) (ft <sup>2</sup> )	6.1	6.6	5.0	3.8	
Bank Height Ratio	3.7	2.6	3.7	3.5	
Bankfull Width (W <sub>bkf</sub> ) (ft)	9.8	6.6	7.6	4.7	
Mean Depth (d <sub>bkf</sub> ) (ft)	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.8	
Width to Depth Ratio (W <sub>bkf</sub> /d <sub>bkf</sub> )	15.6	6.7	11.5	5.8	
Width of Flood-prone Area (W <sub>fpa</sub> ) (ft)	9.5	5.1	8.2	4.9	
Entrenchment Ratio (ER)	1.0	0.8	1.1	1.0	
Median Material Size (D <sub>50</sub> ) (mm)	0.120	0.091	0.098	0.068	
Channel Sinuosity (K)	1.11	1.11	1.10	1.15	
Rosgen Stream Classification	F5	G5c	G5c	G5c	
Valley Slope (S <sub>v</sub> ) (ft/ft)	0.022	0.007	0.007	0.011	

# **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

- 2016 Monitoring
  - BIBI Score = 2.43/poor
  - RBP = 112/partially supporting
  - PHI = 65.48/degraded

Peak Discharges (cfs)							1000
1-year	2-year	5-year	10-year	25-year	50-year	100-year	K. Y
17.2	41.7	98.4	157.4	251.8	335.5	427.5	

### **RESTORATION APPROACH**

#### Watershed Wide Approach

- Conversion of a dry detention pond to an infiltration basin.
- Installation of a SWM wetland downstream of two storm drain outfalls.

#### Valley Restoration with Base Flow Channel

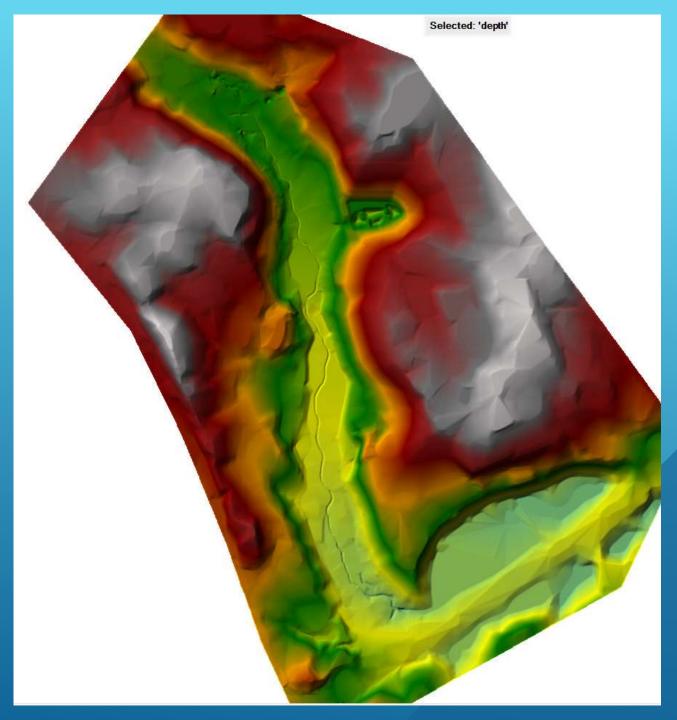
- Combination of raising the elevation of the incised stream bed + legacy sediment removal.
  - Increased runoff volume diverted onto the floodplain during storm events.
- Installed in-stream and valley wide treatments including log-cobble riffles, valley wide grade controls (log and rock), clay groundwater dams.
- Restored 200 LF of valley upstream of the project area without any disturbance.
  - Installed a clay groundwater dam that raised the upstream water table and restored wetland hydrology.
- Reused trees removed on site to provide grade control, increase floodplain roughness and provide habitat.
- **Establish a functional**, diverse riparian zone.



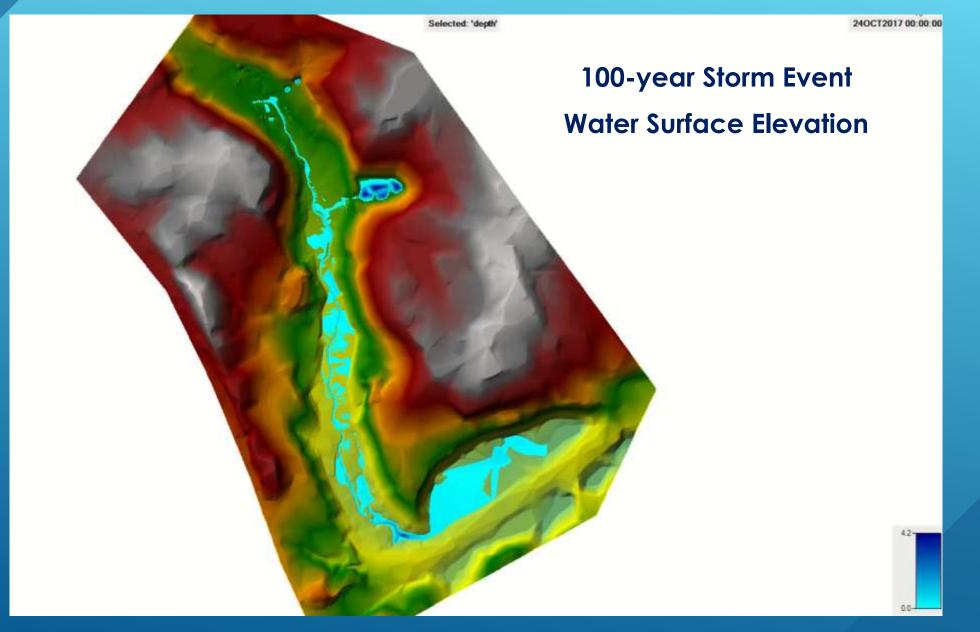
### HYDRAULIC MODELING

Two dimensional (2D) unsteady flow modeling conducted to:

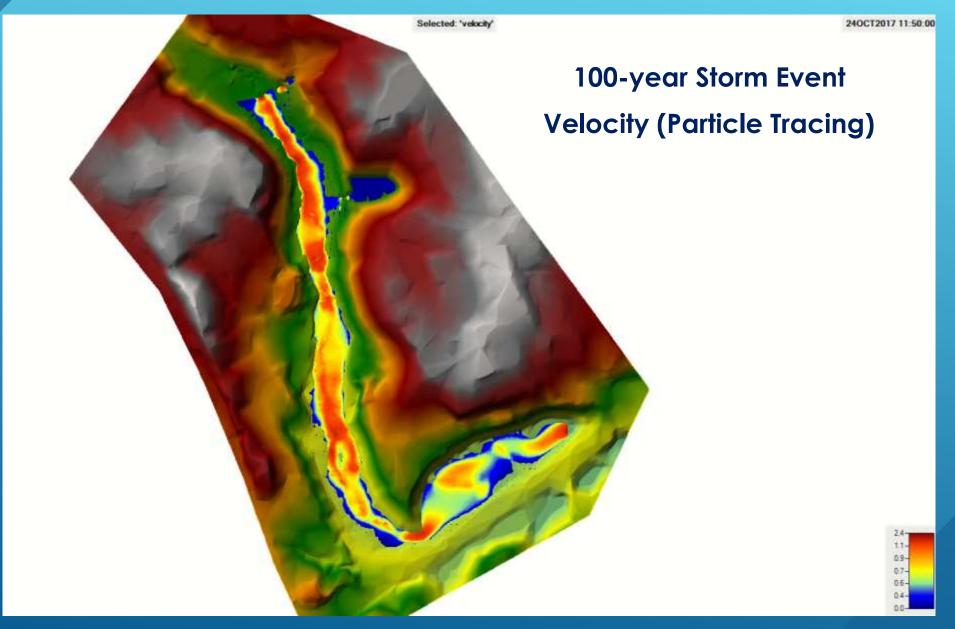
- Evaluate complex channel/floodplain interactions
- Determine near-field detail flood patterns
- Support restoration design



### **HYDRAULIC MODELING**



### **HYDRAULIC MODELING**



# CONSTRUCTION

- Anne Arundel County On-Call Contractor
- Sewer line emergency repair work completed Fall 2018
- **BMP 110 retrofit completed Spring 2019**
- Stream restoration/SWM wetland completed Fall 2019







SEWER LINE EMERGENCY REPAIR- FALL 2018



STREAM – FALL 2019



STREAM – FALL 2019

# POST-PROJECT CONDITIONS



#### SEWER LINE REPAIR – PRE AND POST CONSTRUCTION





SWM WETLAND AND BMP 110 – POST CONSTRUCTION



**STREAM-POST CONSTRUCTION** 







# **BIOLOGICAL MONITORING**

Year	BIBI	FIBI	RBP
2016	2.43 (P)		112 (PS)
2020	1.86 (VP)		93 (NS)
2021	1.57 (VP)		134 (NS)
2022	2.43 (P)	3.00 (F)	151 (C)
2023	TBD	TBD	TBD



## WATER QUALITY CREDITS

	TN (lbs/yr)	TP (lbs/yr)	TSS (tons/yr)	WQv (%)	IA (acres)
Stream Restoration	621.0	48.5	38.2	NA	65.0
SWM Wetland	41.8	4.3	1.2	66	2.4
Infiltration Basin	157.6	9.9	2.7	100	3.8
Total	820.4	62.7	42.1		71.2



# WETLAND CREATION

	Pre-Restoration (acres)	Post Restoration (acres)	Change (acres)	Change (%)
LOD	0.61	2.05	1.44	338
Valley	1.21	2.78	1.57	231











#### CHESAPEAKE BAY MEDIA, BEAVER DAM

https://chesapeakebaymagazine.com/video-beavers-heron-mark-stream-restoration-success-in-magothy-watershed/

### CHALLENGES/LESSONS LEARNED

#### **Groundwater Table**

- Management of groundwater during construction
  - Include additional dewatering provisions in cost estimate when high water table expected
- Double layered matting used for access in some locations

#### **Stabilization**

- Rough grading floodplain & properly anchoring soil stabilization matting is difficult
- Wood chips/mulch for stabilization buoyant when valley is inundated

#### **Base Flow Channel**

Smaller, more sinuous



### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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PayDirt, LLC





# QUESTIONS